

Progetto **CANOA**

CARCINOMA MAMMARIO:

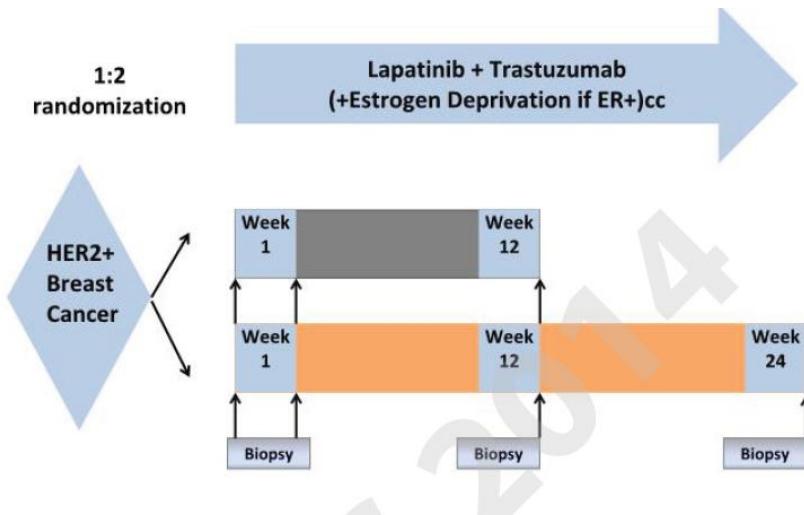
QUALI NOVITÀ PER IL 2015?

"Saper leggere" uno studio clinico per migliorare la pratica clinica

**Studio TBCRC023: quali potranno essere
le future ricadute nella pratica clinica?**

Valentina Guarneri
DiSCOG, Università di Padova
Istituto Oncologico Veneto IRCCS

TBCRC023: Lapatinib-trastuzumab + HT



Pathologic Response

Path CR (ypT _{0-is})	12 weeks (n=33)	24 weeks (n=61)
Overall	4 (12%)	17 (28%)
ER-positive	2 (9%)	13 (33%)
ER-negative	2 (20%)	4 (18%)

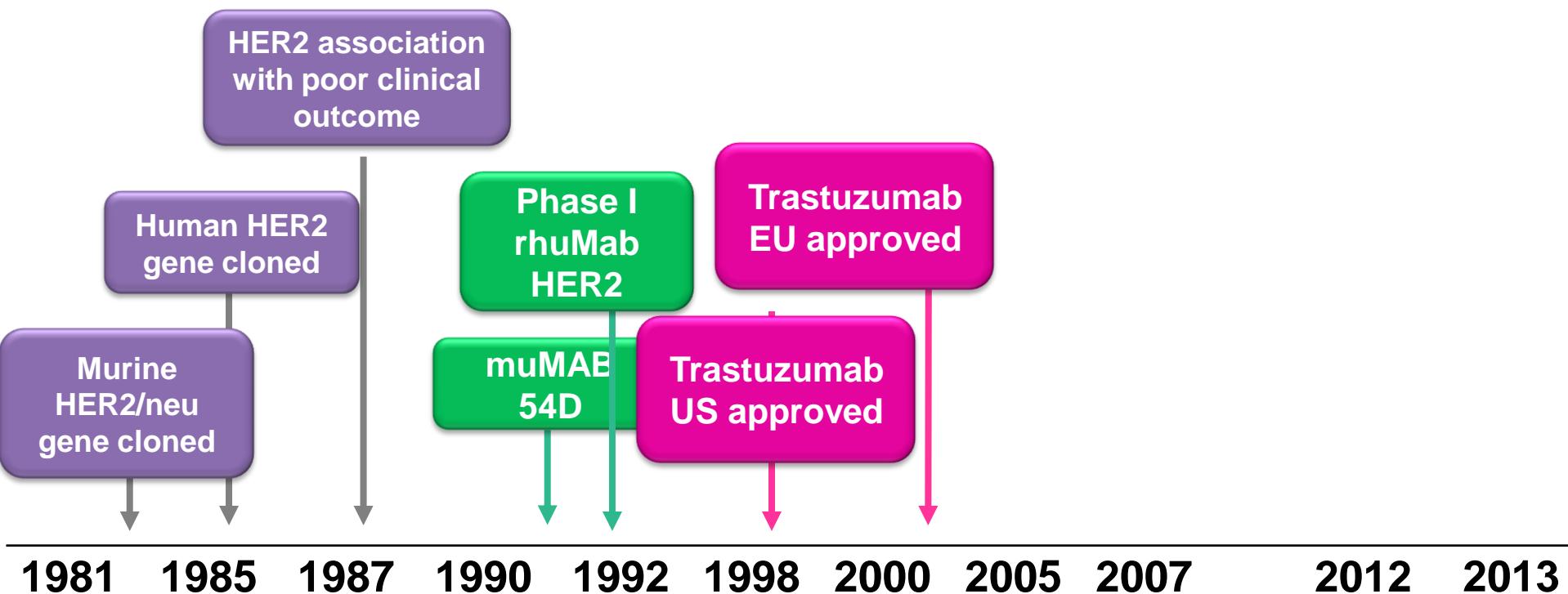
For Monday clinic: 6 months of neoadjuvant therapy better than 3 months in terms of pCR for the HR+ subgroup

Rate of ypT_{0-is}, N0?

Rate of breast conserving surgery?

Rate of disease progression?

Milestones in the treatment of HER2⁺ BC



First line, anti-HER2 single agent (w/o CT)

	Trastuzumab w	Trastuzumab q3w	Lapatinib
n	114*	105	138
ORR	26%	23%	24%
Clinical Benefit Rate	38%	36%	31%
TTP	3.8 mos	3.4 mos	7 mo
Survival (median)	24 mos	-	-

*HER2 2+/3+

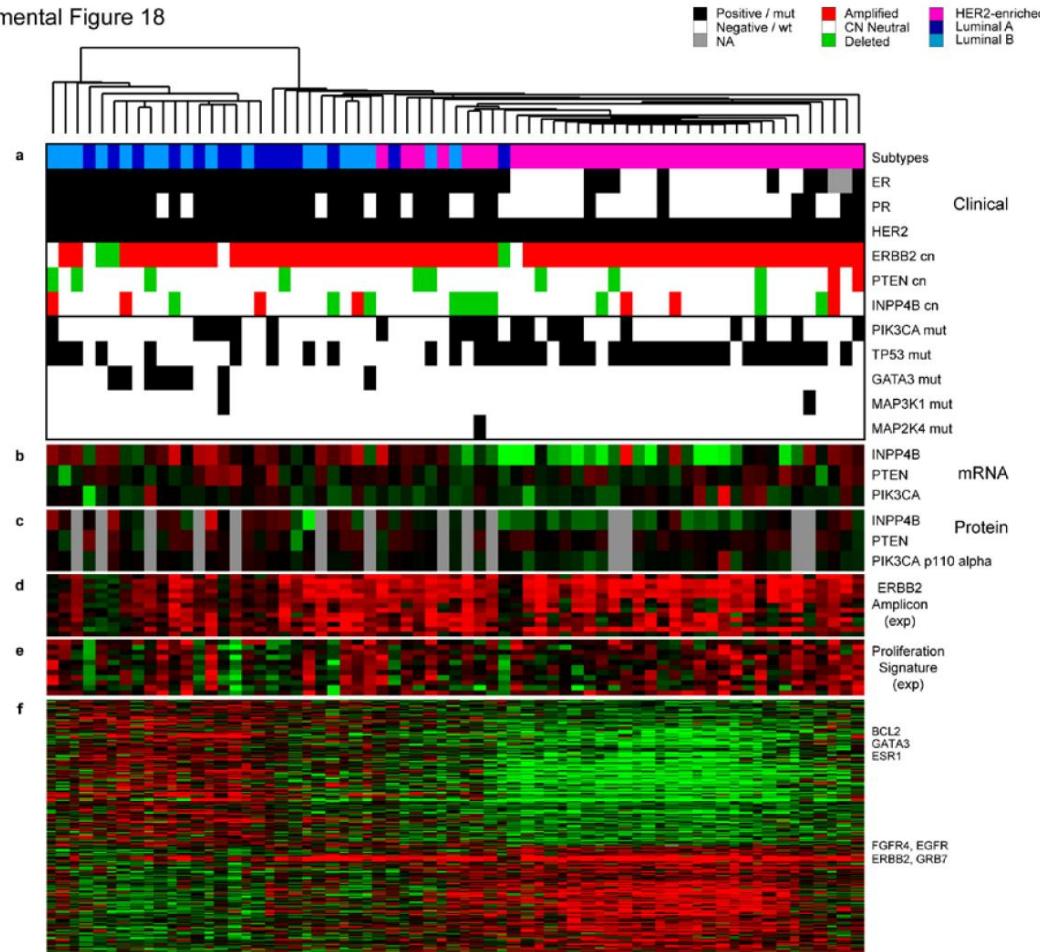
Vogel et al, et al. J Clin Oncol 2002; Baselga et al, J Clin Oncol 2005; Gomez et al, J Clin Oncol 2008

Randomized study of trastuzumab +/- Chemotherapy

	Slamon N=469		Marty N=186	
	CT	CT +Trastuzumab	CT	CT +Trastuzumab
ORR	32%	50%	34	61
PFS	4.6 mos	7.4 mos	6.1 mos	11.7 mos
OS	20.3 mos	25.1 mos	22.7 mos	31.2 mos

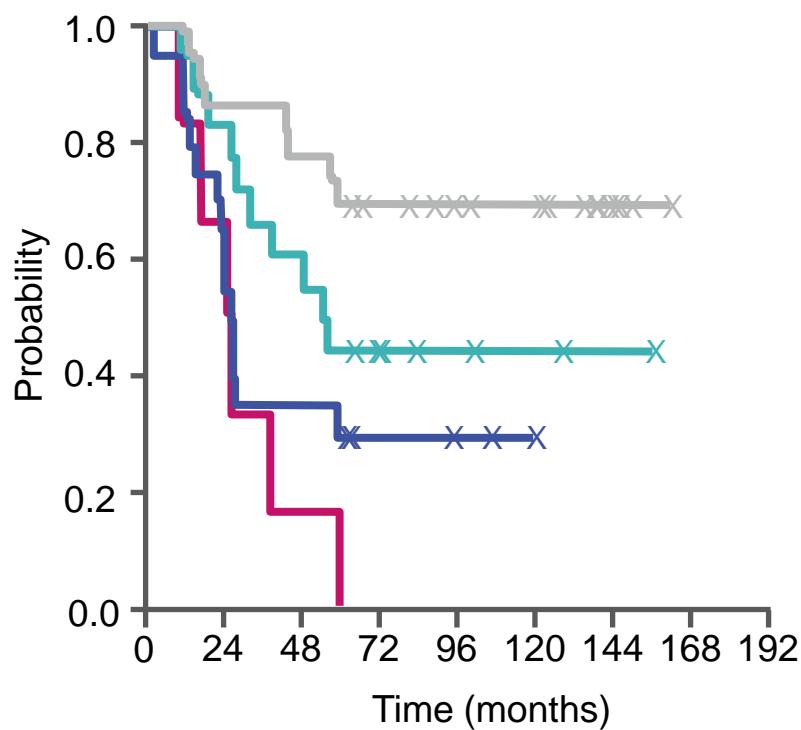
At least two types of clinically defined HER2+ tumours

Supplemental Figure 18

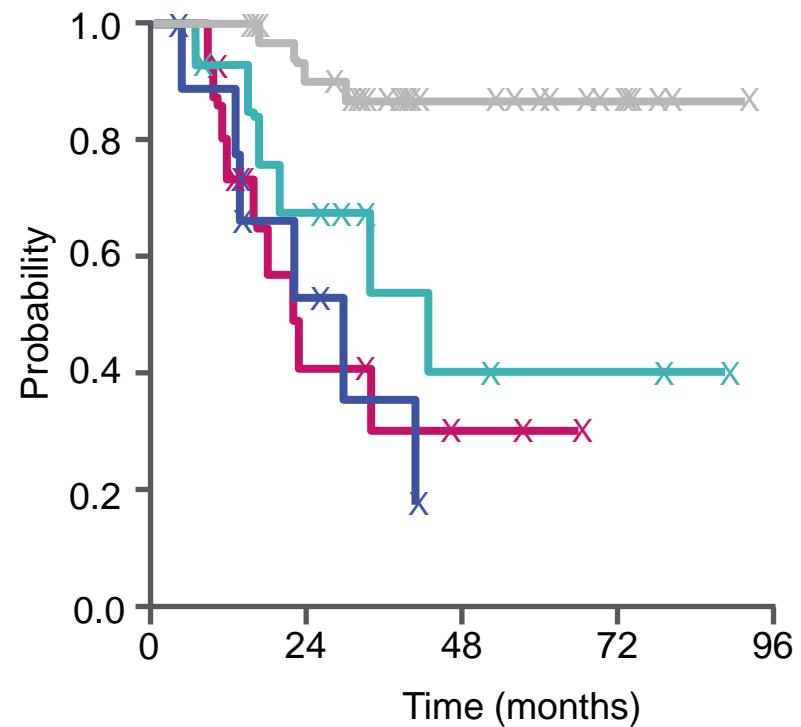


Heterogeneity of BC

Time to distant recurrence



Survival



X Censored

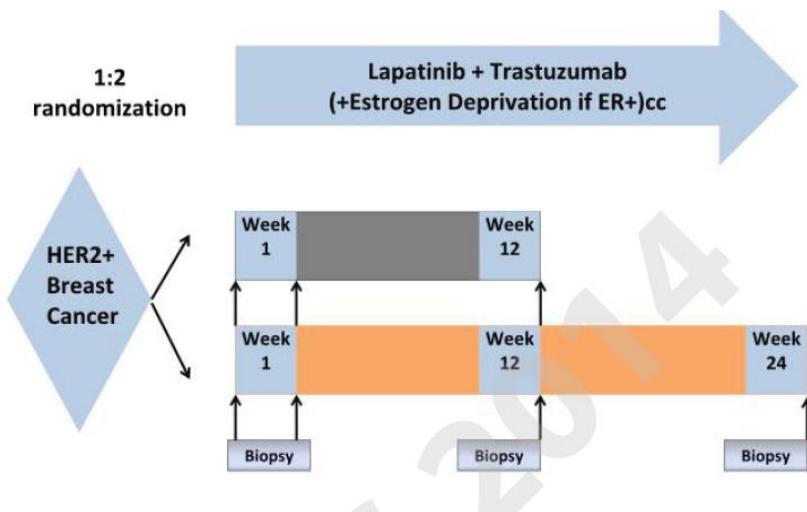
— HR+/HER-

— HR+/HER+

— HR-/HER2-

— HR-/HER2+

TBCRC023: Lapatinib-trastuzumab +/- HT

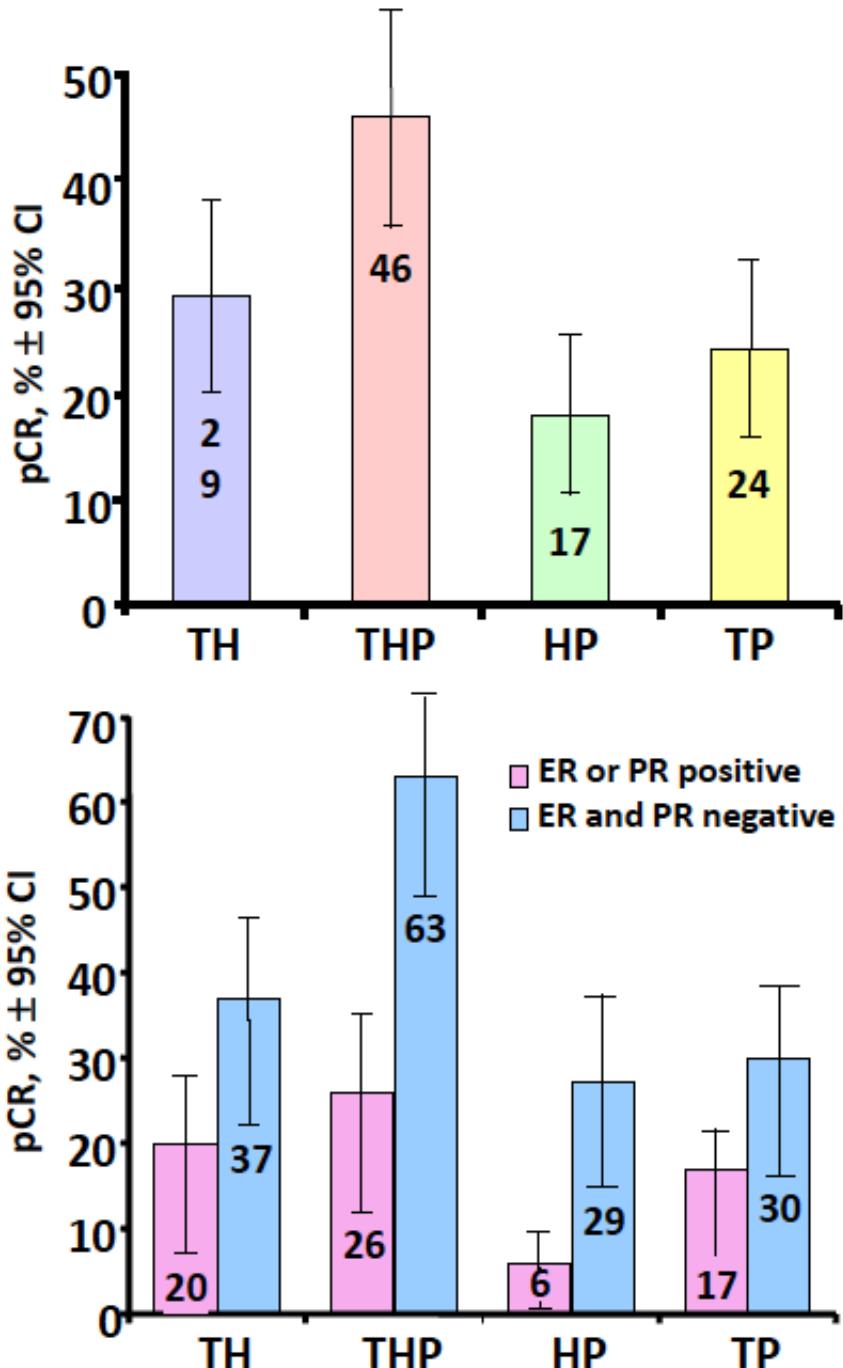
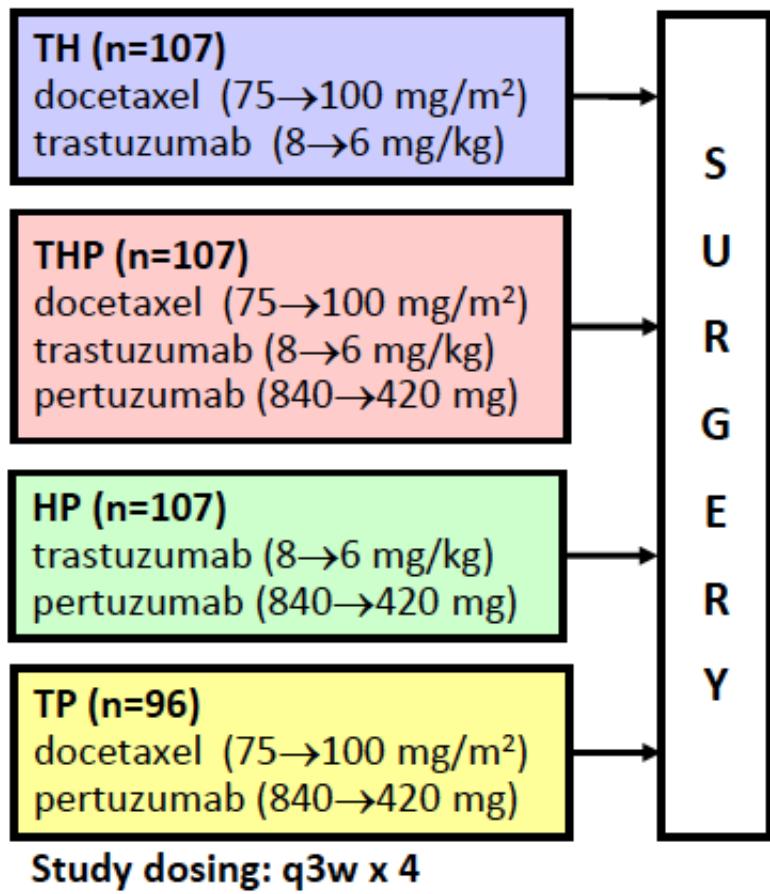


Pathologic Response

Path CR (ypT _{0-is})	12 weeks (n=33)	24 weeks (n=61)
Overall	4 (12%)	17 (28%)
ER-positive	2 (9%)	13 (33%)
ER-negative	2 (20%)	4 (18%)

Background

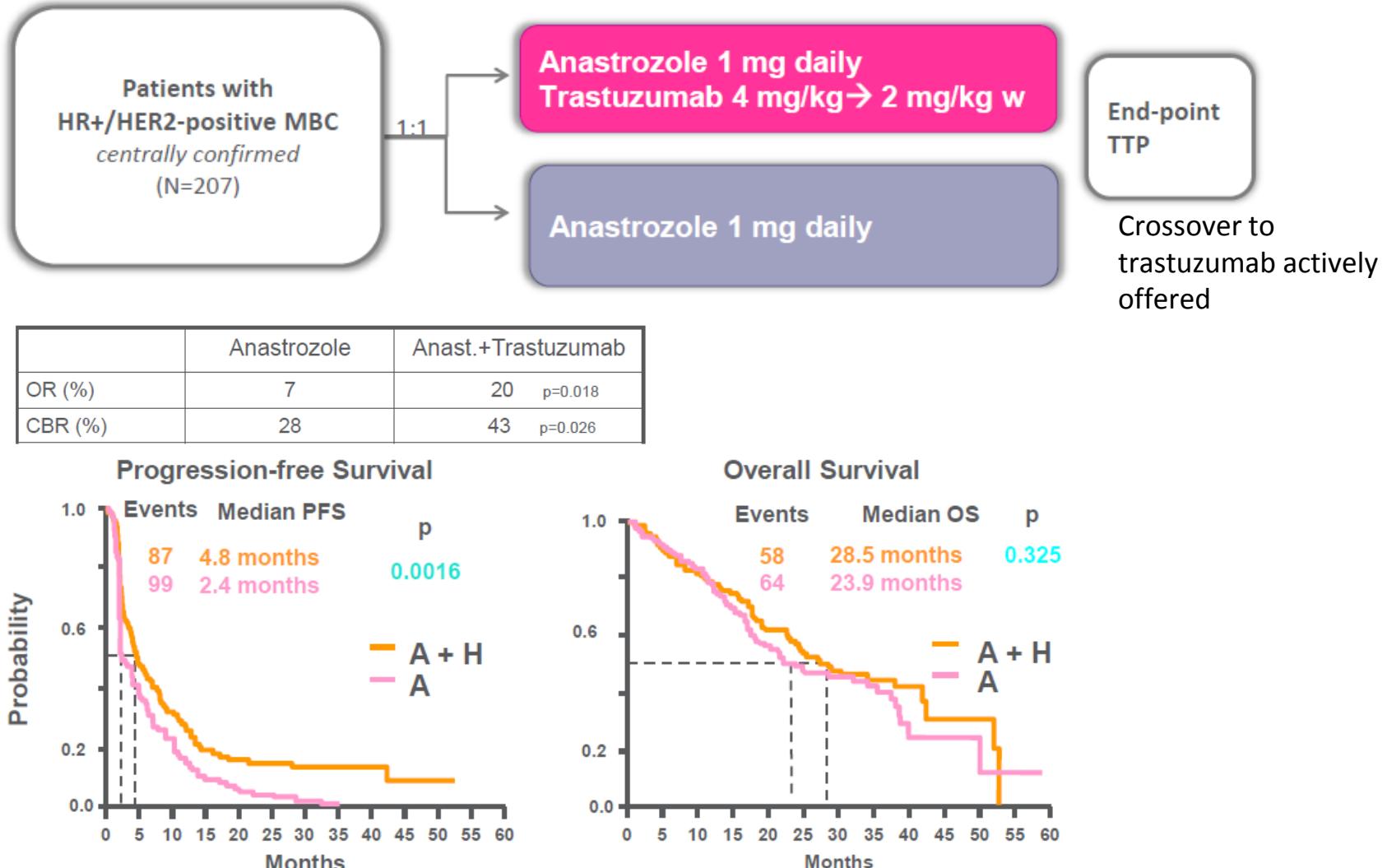
NeoSphere: Study design and main results



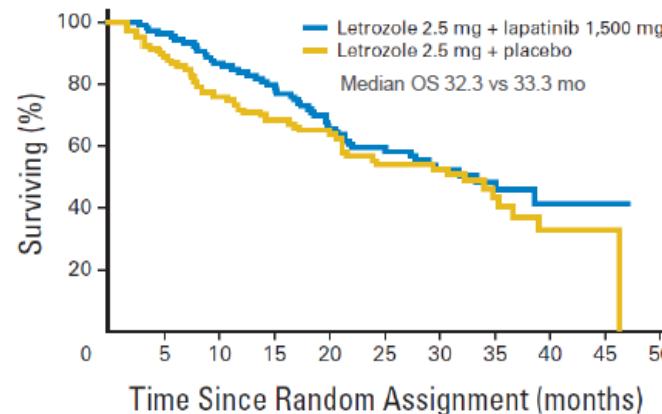
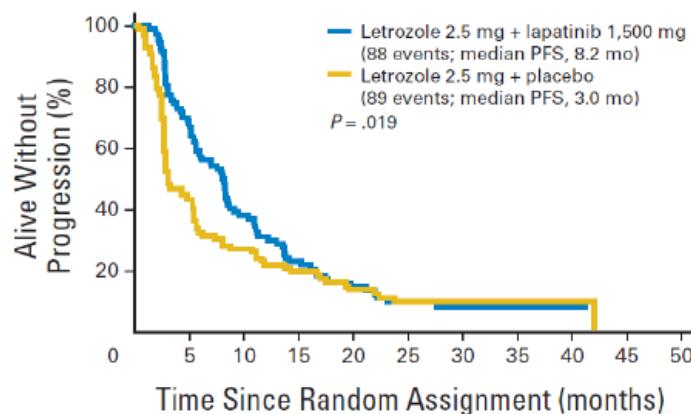
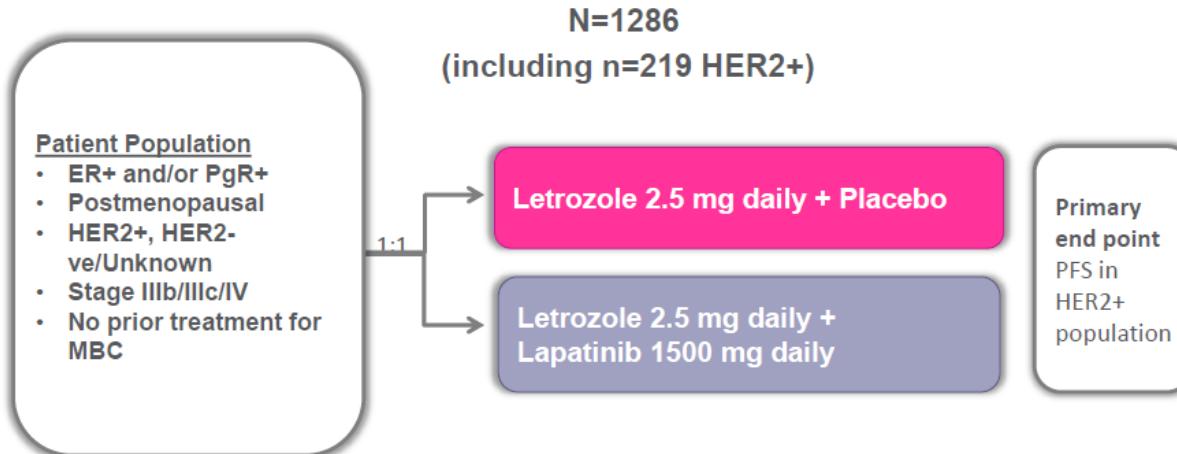
Response to neoadjuvant CT+anti-HER2 according to HR status

Trial	pts #	HR + %	tpCR %		
			HR-	HR+	Δ
MDACC (w/o antiHER2)	321	57	29	15.3	13.7
MDACC	89	48	61	47	14
Neo-ALLTO	455	51	43.9	26.7	17.2
NeoSphere	417	47	39.8	17.3	22.5
CherLob	121	60	44	27	17

TAnDEM: phase III study of anastrozole +/- trastuzumab as first-line therapy for ER+/HER2+ MBC

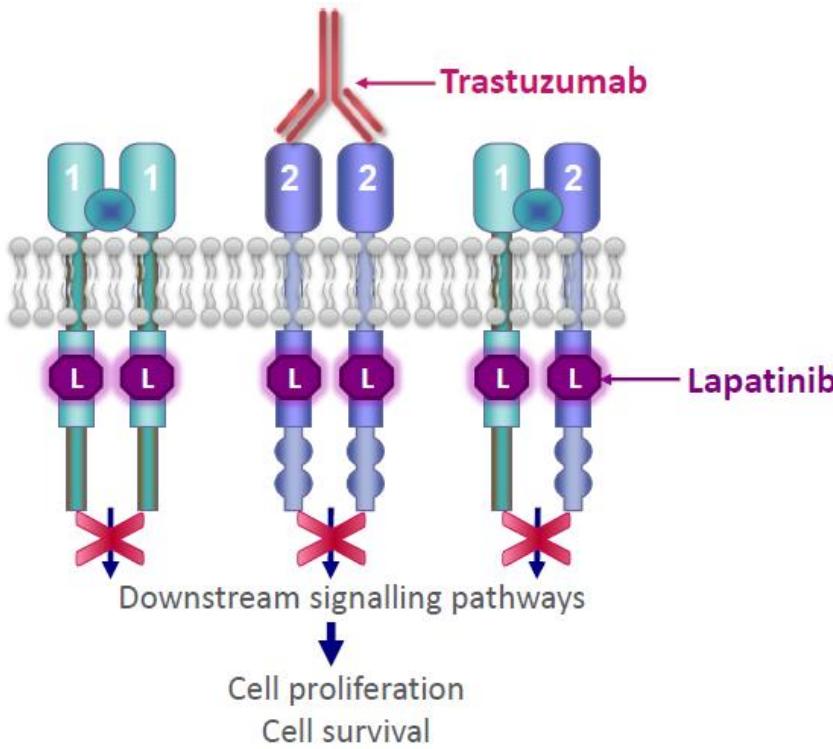


EGF 30008: Phase III study of letrozole v letrozole-lapatinib as first-line therapy for HR+ advanced BC

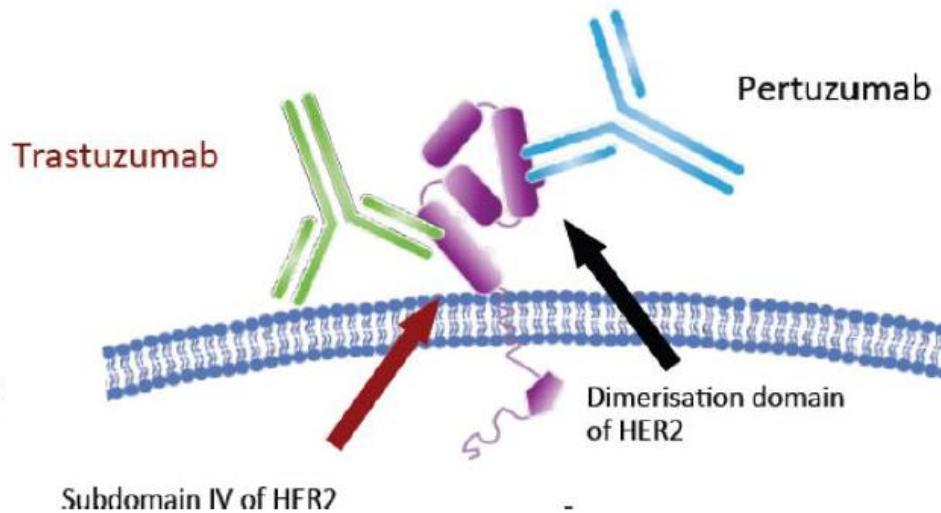


Dual HER2 receptor blockade

“Vertical targeting”



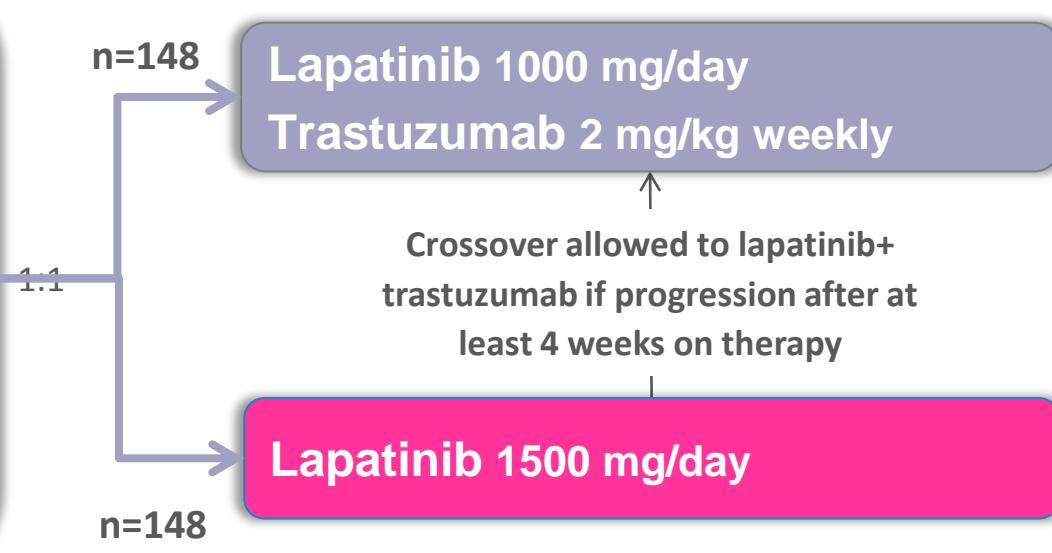
“Horizontal targeting”



Vertical dual blockade of the HER2 receptor with lapatinib+trastuzumab: EGF104009

**Patients with
HER2-positive MBC
centrally confirmed
(N=296)**

- Progression on
 - Anthracycline
 - Taxane
 - Trastuzumab
- Progression on most recent trastuzumab regimen for MBC



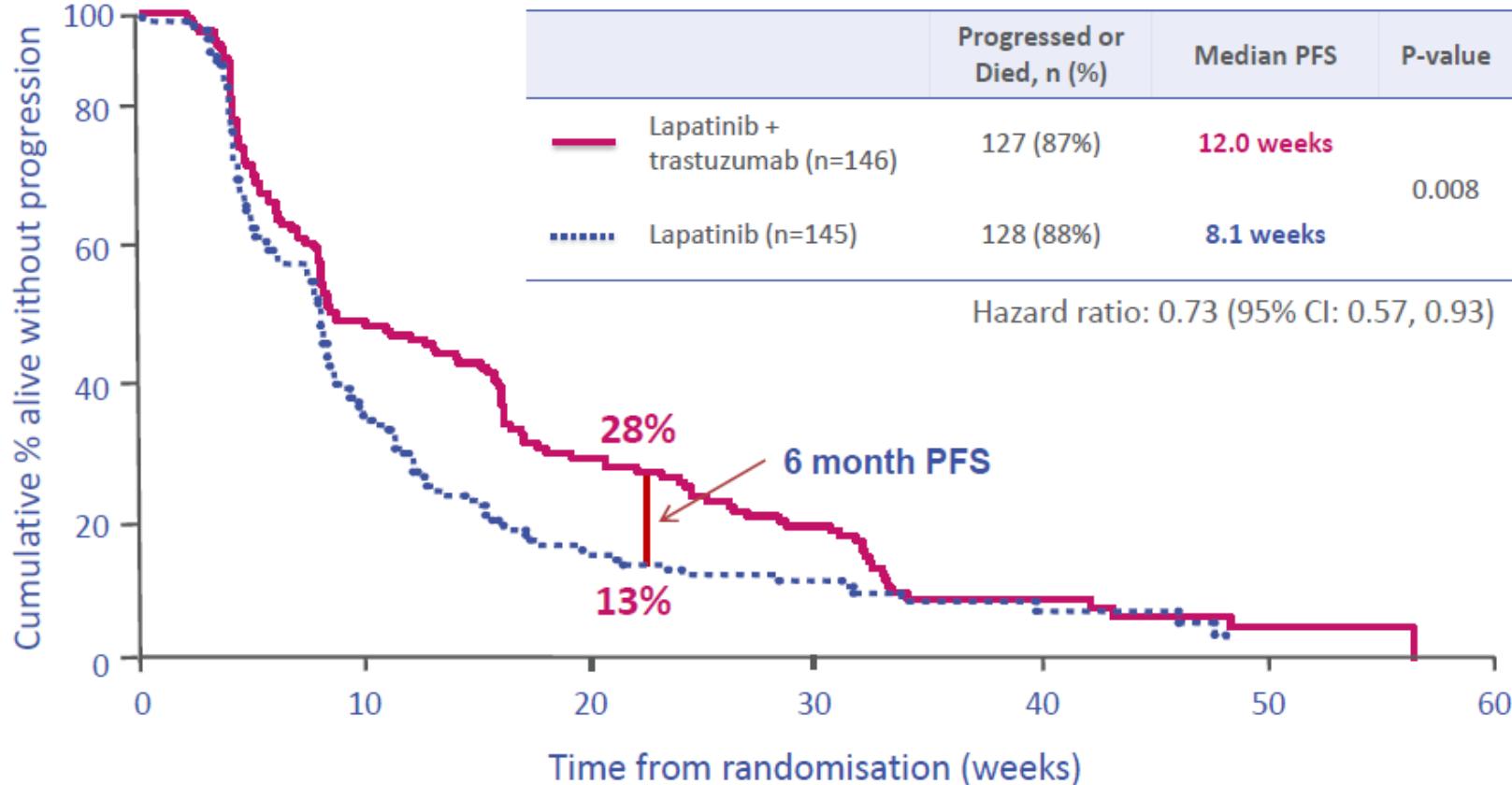
Endpoints

PFS
OS
Safety

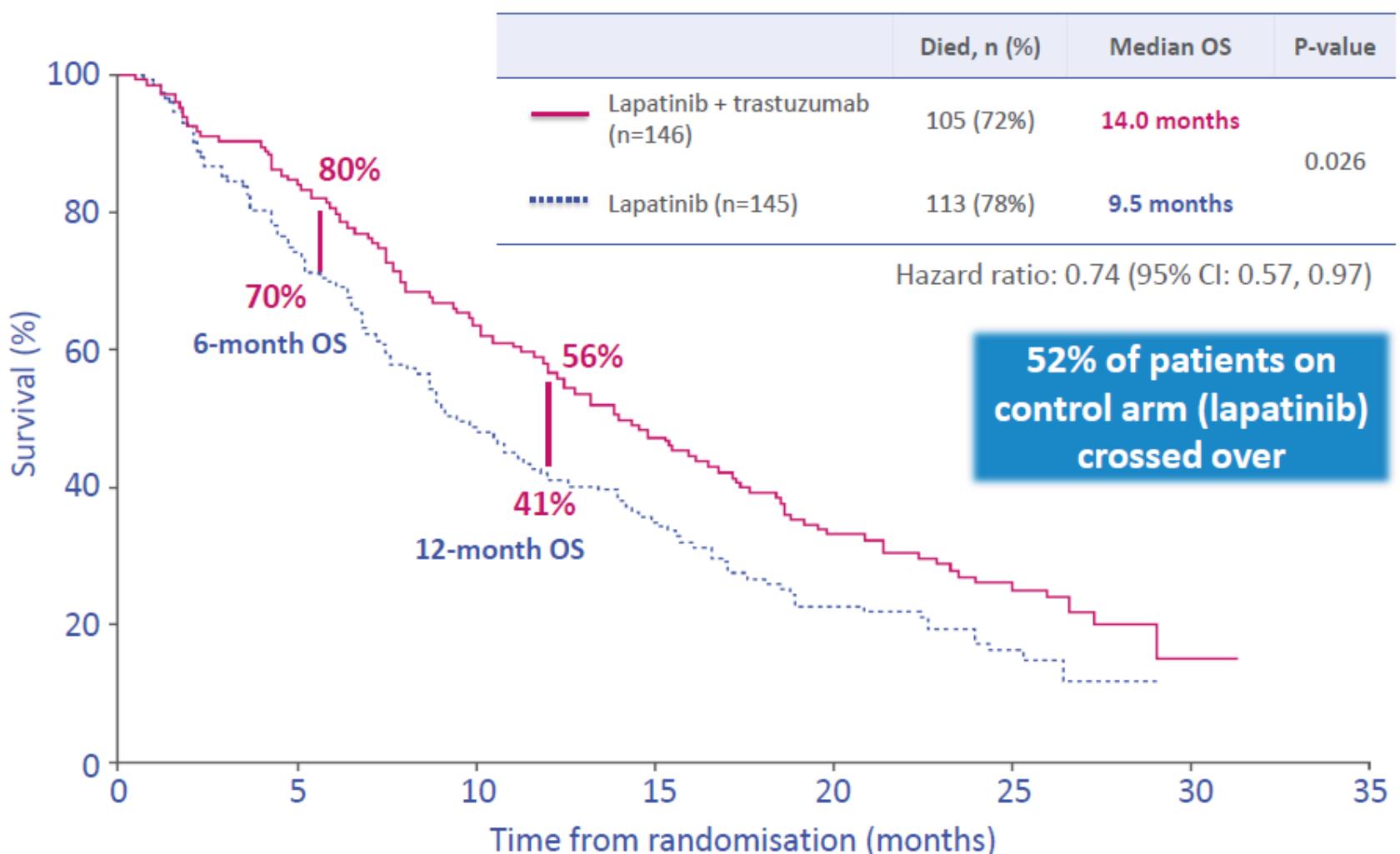
EGF104009: patients characteristics

	Lapatinib (n=148)	Lapatinib+ trastuzumab (n=148)
Median Age (range)	51 (29-78)	52 (26-81)
ECOG PS		
0	69 (47%)	80 (54%)
1	73 (49%)	61 (41%)
2	6 (4%)	7 (5%)
Median # of prior CT regimens	4	5
≥ 6 prior regimens	41 (28%)	50 (34%)
Visceral disease	110 (74%)	105 (71%)

Vertical dual blockade of the HER2 receptor with lapatinib+trastuzumab

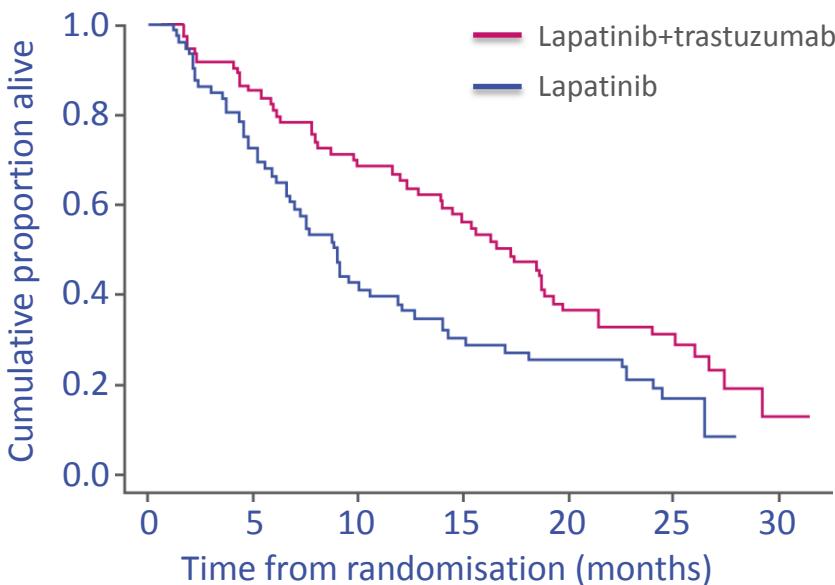


Vertical dual blockade of the HER2 receptor with lapatinib+trastuzumab

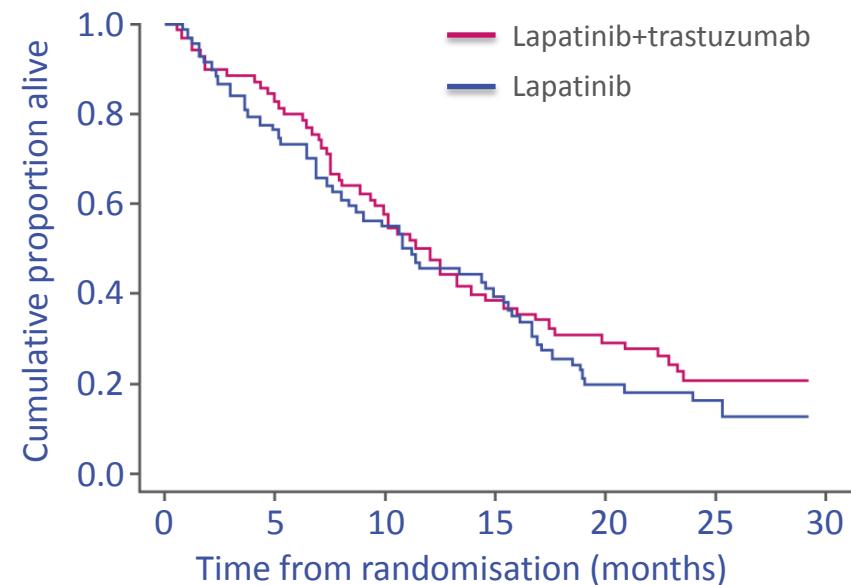


OS by Hormone receptor status

HR-negative



HR-positive



Lap+Tras N=75	Lap N=75	OS hazard ratio (95% CI)
------------------	-------------	-----------------------------

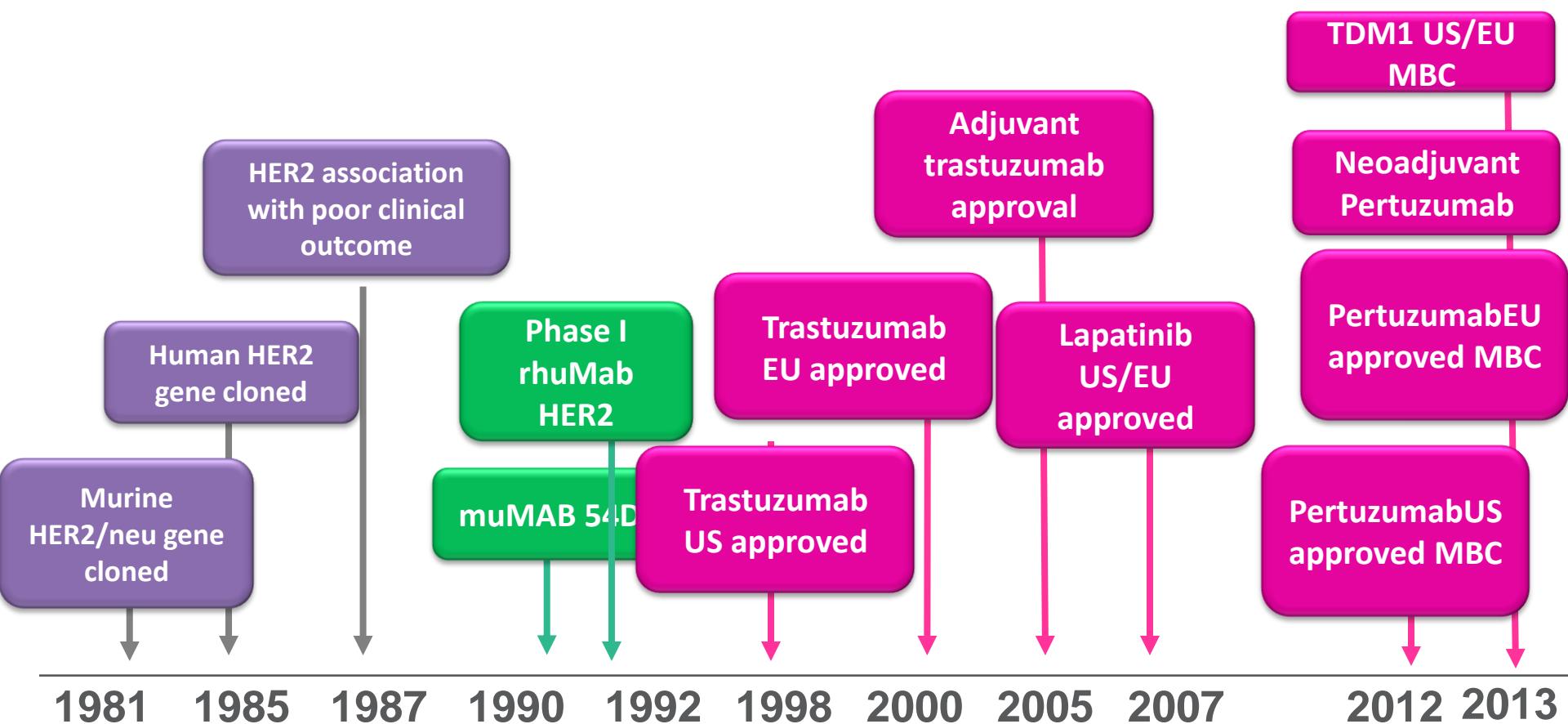
Median OS, months	17.2	8.9	0.62 (0.42, 0.90)
----------------------	------	-----	----------------------

Lap+Tras N=75	Lap N=75	OS hazard ratio (95% CI)
------------------	-------------	-----------------------------

Median OS, months	12.0	11.2	0.84 (0.58, 1.23)
----------------------	------	------	----------------------

Tyverb Assessment report EMEA/H/C/000795/II/0022 27 June 2013. Available at: http://www.ema.europa.eu/docs/en_GB/document_library/EPAR_-_Assessment_Report_-_Variation/human/000795/WC500147870.pdf. Accessed October 2013.

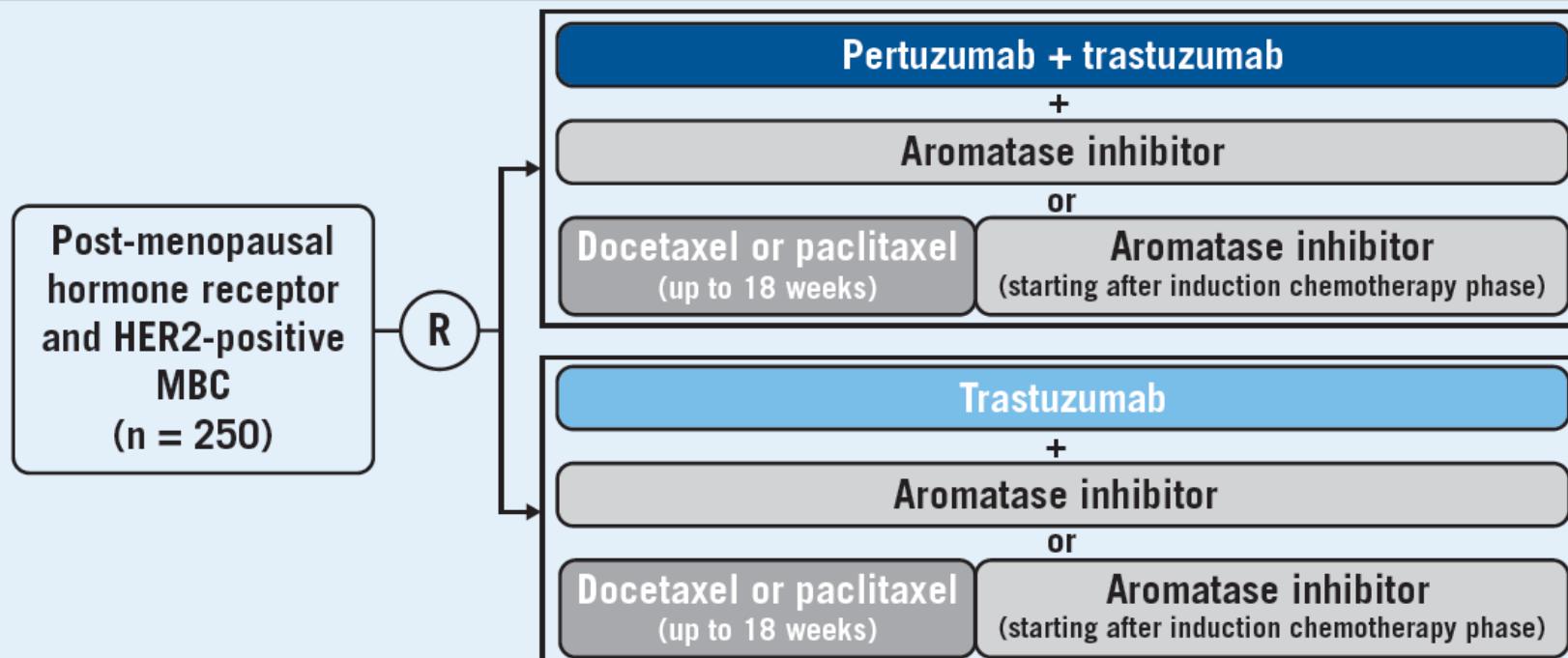
Milestones in the treatment of HER2⁺ BC



Closing Credits for Chemotherapy in HER2+ disease?

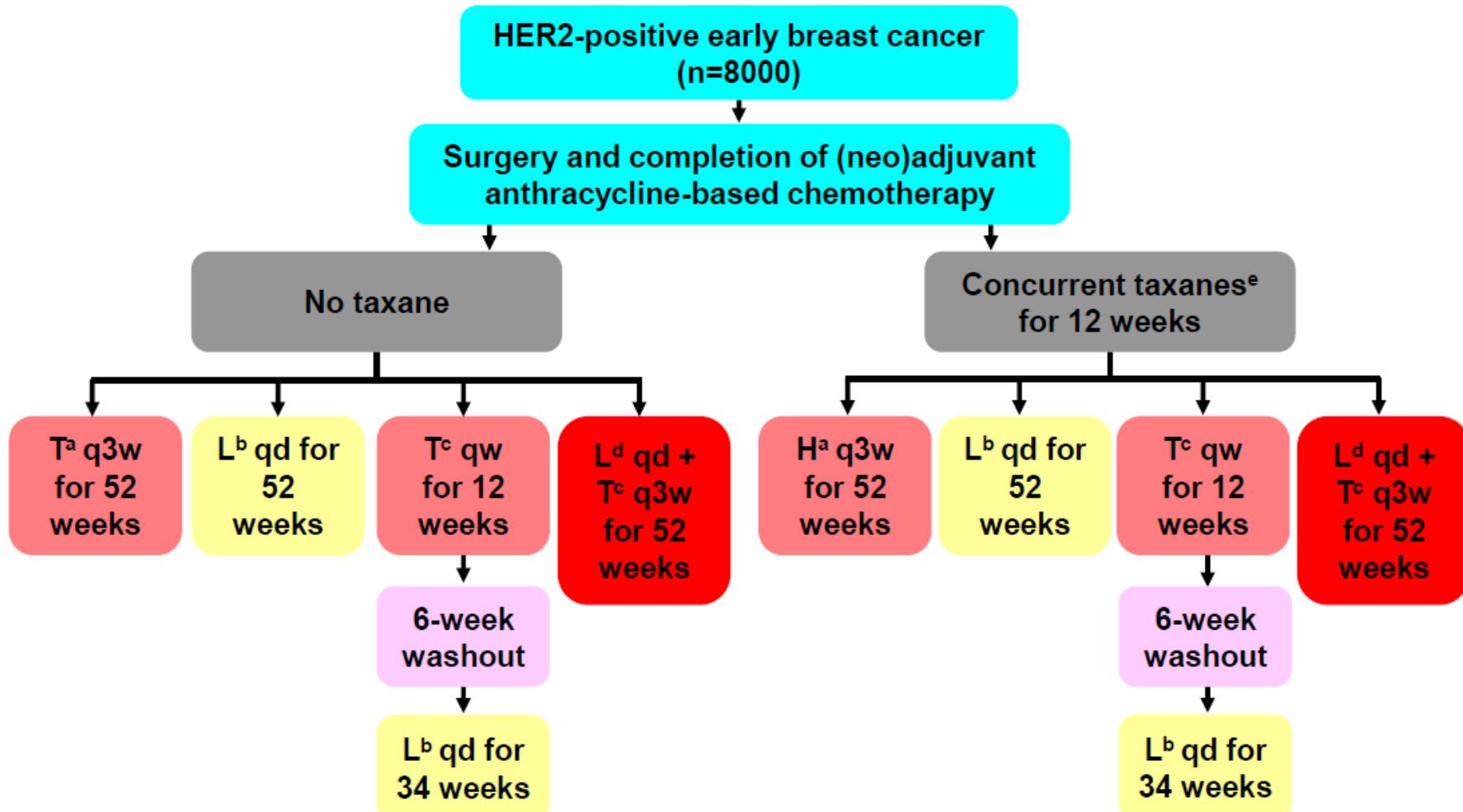
- HER2+ BC shows molecular heterogeneity which translate in very different clinical behaviour
- combining hormonal therapy + anti-HER2 agents is a chemo-free option with good balance between efficacy and tolerability
- dual-HER2 inhibition is superior to single anti-HER2 block → ceiling effect for the companion?

PERTAIN: randomized phase II study



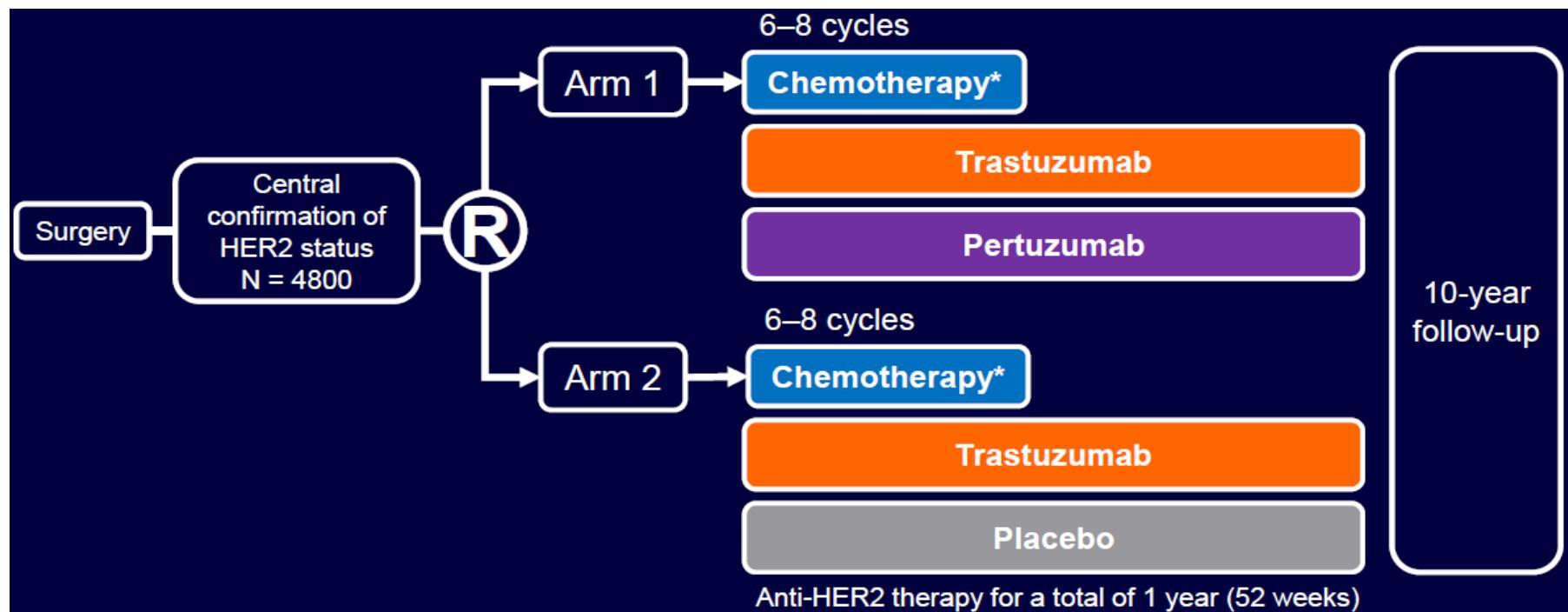
HER2, human epidermal growth factor receptor 2; MBC, metastatic breast cancer; R, randomization

ALLTO: phase III randomised open-label trial comparing adjuvant Lapatinib +/- Trastuzumab

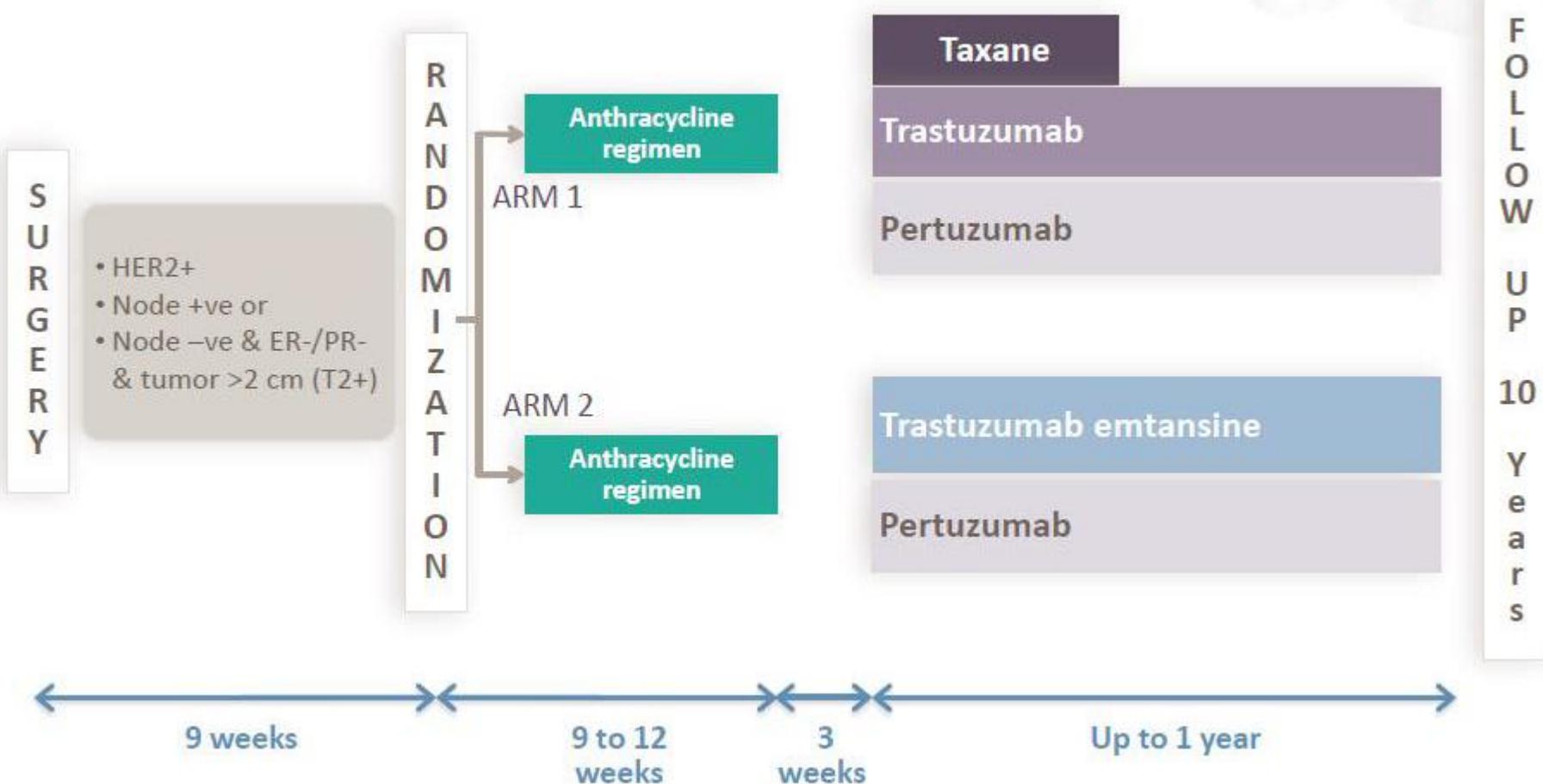


^a Trastuzumab 8 mg/kg iv loading dose followed by 6 mg/kg q3w; ^bLapatinib 1500 mg; ^cTrastuzumab 4 mg/kg iv loading dose followed by 2 mg/kg qw; ^dLapatinib 1000 mg; ^ePaclitaxel 80 mg/m² qw or docetaxel q3w

Aphinity: Phase III trial of adjuvant chemotherapy + trastuzumab +/- pertuzumab



Adjuvant Trastuzumab Emtasine: Kaitlin trial





PER-ELISA: HR+/HER2+ operable breast cancer

Clinical Study Protocol AS.T.R.O BC01-13
Eudract 2013-002662-40, PI V. Guarneri

